ANNEX I
List of products referred to in Articles 9 and 19 of the Agreement

ANNEX IIa
List of products referred to in the first subparagraph of Article 10 (2)

ANNEX IIb
List of products referred to in the second subparagraph of Article 10 (2)
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ANNEX III
List of products referred to in Article 10 (3)

ANNEX IV
List of products referred to in Article 11 (1)
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ANNEX V

List of products referred to in Article 11 (2)

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8468 10 00
8468 20 00
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8476 11 90
8476 19 10
8476 19 90
ANNEX VI
1. Customs duties on imports applicable in Romania to products originating in the Community listed below shall be eliminated according to the following timetable:
   - on entry into force of the Agreement they will be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty,
   - three years after the entry into force of the Agreement they will be reduced 70 % of the basic duty,
   - five years after the entry into force of the Agreement they will be reduced to 60 % of the basic duty,
   - seven years after the entry into force of the Agreement they will be reduced to 40 % of the basic duty,
   - eight years after the entry into force of the Agreement they will be reduced to 20 % of the basic duty,
   - nine years after the entry into force of the Agreement they will be reduced to 0 % of the basic duty:

   8703 21 1 0
   8703 22 1 1
   8703 23 1 1
   8703 23 1 9
   8703 31 1 0
   8703 32 1 1
   8703 33 1 9
   8703 90 1 0.

2. Customs duties on imports applicable in Romania to products originating in the Community listed below shall be eliminated according to the following timetable:
   - three years after the entry into force of the Agreement, to 80 % of the basic duty,
   - five years after the entry into force of the Agreement, to 60 % of the basic duty,
   - seven years after the entry into force of the Agreement, to 40 % of the basic duty,
   - eight years after the entry into force of the Agreement, to 20 % of the basic duty,
   - nine years after the entry into force of the Agreement, to 0 % of the basic duty:

   8703 21 9 0
   8703 22 1 9
   8703 22 9 0
   8703 23 9 0
   8703 24 9 0
   8703 31 9 0
   8703 32 1 9
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ANNEX VII
List of products referred to in Article 11 (5)

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For the abovementioned products the annual tariff quota referred to in Article 11 (5) is 20 000 pieces for 1993. The tariff quota shall be increased annually by 10 % of the initial amount.
ANNEX VIII
Romania shall abolish by the end of the eight year from the entry into force of the Agreement the measures prohibiting the registration of the imported used vehicles of at least eight years or older calculated from the first of January of the year following the year of production.
The products subject to these measures are:
8702 10 1 9
8702 10 9 9
8702 90 1 9
8702 90 3 9
8703 21 9 0
8703 22 9 0
8703 23 9 0
8703 24 9 0
8703 31 9 0
8703 32 9 0
8703 33 9 0
8704 21 3 9
8704 21 9 9
8704 22 9 9
8704 23 9 9
8704 31 3 9
8704 31 9 9
8704 32 9 9.

ANNEX IX
List of products referred to in Article 14 (3)
A. List of goods temporarily non admitted for export in 1992
- Electric power
- Energetic and coke coals
- Coal briquettes
- Non-ferrous, gold and silver concentrates
- Natural and liquefied gases
- Crude oil
- Fuel oil, kerosene and liquid for heating
- Aromatic hydrocarbons (paraxilene, mixtures of xilene isomers, cyclohexanone and cyclohexanol)
- Intermediates for man-made fibres and yarns (phenol, propylene)
- Scraps and renewable materials containing precious and rare metals
- Non-ferrous and paper scraps (excluding lead-copper crusts)
- Non-ferrous metals in blocks (lead, zinc, tin and their alloys) excluding blocks of secondary bronze and brass alloys and soldering alloys in the form of rods and wires
- Rolled and threaded wire, extruded bars of copper
- Technical sulphur
- Natural unworked diamonds
- Mineralogy collections (flowers of mine)
- Medicines of human and animal use and raw material used in the Romanian pharmaceutical industry except those listed in Annex C
- Protheses, orthopedical products and medicinal cotton wool
- Logs, rafters, lumber, railway sleepers, Christmas fir-trees, etc.
- Firewood, wood for cellulose, chipboard and fiberboard
- Timber, either of soft or hardwood and wooden pallets (including parquet and oak-tree skirting band)
- Veneers (of all kinds of wood)
- Cellulose and semi-cellulose
- Silk cocoons, ‘Bombix Mori’ kind
- Bovine raw hides
- Sheep and goat raw hides

B. List of goods under export quotas in 1992
- Insulated and enamelled copper, cables and wires
- Ferro-alloys (ferro-chrom, ferro-silicon-manganese, ferro-silicon and metallic silicon)
- Collected scrap iron, used rails
- Primary and secondary aluminium in blocks
- Bronze and brass secondary alloys in blocks, including soldering alloys in the form of rods and wires
- Lead - copper crusts
- Electrolyzable copper obtained from imported copper concentrates
- Benzines (if no shortages are caused in the domestic market)
- Diesel oils
- Naphthenic mineral oils
- Chemical fertilizers obtained from nitrogen and urea
- Beech-tree plywood
- Panel
- Beech-tree parquet
- Chipboard
- Wooden cases for citrus fruit
- Timber and semifabs of resinous wood, beech and various softwood trees (poplars, etc.)
- Door and window-frames
- Notebooks
- Benzene
- Toluene
- Dimethyl-terephthalate
- Achrom-nithril
- Ethylene-glycol
- Non-processed marble

C. List of raw materials and medicines under export quotas in 1992
- Chloramphenicol dragees
- Calcium pantotenate (bulk)
- Esther diethymalonic (bulk)
- Vitamin K3 fodder use (bulk)
- Injectable gluconic calcium
- Injectable glucose (dextrose)
- Pharyngosept tablets
- Aspirin (bulk)
- Natrium Benzoate
- Benzonic acid 99 %
- Salicylic acid
- Romazulan phials
- Insulin ampoules
- Hydrocortisone acetate 25 mg 5/I
- Heligal pills ¥ 20
- Silimarine pills ¥ 80
- Lanatozid pills ¥ 60
- Apilarnil potent ¥ 40
- Apilarnil potent y pills ¥ 40
- Adenostop 100 ml
- Penicillin G sterile
- Penicillin G natrium
- Tetracyclin (bulk)
- Oxitetracyclin (bulk)
- Oxitetracyclin feed grade 10 %
- Streptomicine phials
- Streptomicine (bulk)
- Nistatin (bulk)
- Cloxacillin (bulk)
- Efitard phials
- Chloramphenicol hemisuccinate phials
- Moldamine phials
- Pell-amar ointment, cream, gel and bulk
- Vitamin B-12 veterinary use
- Oxacillin phials ¥ 500 mg
- Meticyllin phials ¥ 1 g
- Eritromicin laxtobionat phials
- Phoshobion ampoules
- Gerovital H-3 ampoules
- Gerovital H-3 dragees
- Aslavital ampoules
- Aslavital dragees
- Pell-amar pills
- Sulphatasol (bulk)
- Phthalisulphatasol pills
- Chlorochin phosphate pills
- Sulphanylamide (bulk)
- Calcium gluconic ampoules
- DL-methionine
- Quinine sulphate
- Tolbutamide (bulk)
- Paracetamol (bulk)
- Methyl salicylate (bulk)
- Sulphochinoxaleine (bulk)
- Phenolptaleine (bulk)
- Chloramine B
- Sodium saccharine
- Salicylamide
- Saprosan
- Nicotine-amide
- Nipagine
- Phenacetine
- Nipasol
- Isooctyl salicylate
- Natrium cyclamate
- Chlorsoxazone
- Piracetam
- Meclophenoxat
- Scobutil
- Piperazine adipate
- Coline ditartrate
- Methyl nicotinate
- Semen colchici

ANNEX X

>TABLE POSITION>

ANNEX XIa
List of products referred to in Article 21 (2) (1)
The products listed in this ANNEX will be subject to a 50 % levy reduction.

>TABLE POSITION>

(1) Notwithstanding the rules for the interpretation of the combined nomenclature, the wording for the description of the products is to be considered as having no more than an indicative value, the preferential scheme being determined, within the context of this Annex, by the coverage of the CN codes. Where ex CN codes are indicated, the preferential scheme is to be determined by application of the CN codes and corresponding description taken together.

ANNEX XIb
List of products referred to in Article 21 (2) (1)

>TABLE POSITION>

Annex to Annexes XIb and XIIb
Minimum import price arrangement for certain soft fruit for processing
1. Minimum import prices are fixed for each marketing year for the following products:

>TABLE POSITION>

The minimum import prices are fixed by the Community in consultation with Romania, taking into consideration the price evolution, imported quantities and market development in the Community.
2. The minimum import prices shall be respected in accordance with the following criteria:

- during each three-month period of the marketing year the average unit value for each product listed in paragraph 1, imported into the Community, shall not be lower than the minimum import price for that product,
- during any two week period the average unit value for each product listed in paragraph 1, imported into the Community, shall not be lower than 90 % of the minimum import
price for that product, in so far as the quantities imported during this period are not less than 4% of normal annual imports.

3. In the event of failure to observe one of these criteria, the Community may introduce measures ensuring that the minimum import price is respected for each consignment of the product concerned imported from Romania.

(1) Notwithstanding the rules for the interpretation of the combined nomenclature, the wording for the description of the products is to be considered as having no more than an indicative value, the preferential scheme being determined, within the context of this Annex, by the coverage of the CN codes. Where ex CN codes are indicated, the preferential scheme is to be determined by application of the CN codes and corresponding description taken together.

ANNEX XIIa
List of products referred to in Article 21 (4) (1)
Imports into the Community of the following products originating in Romania shall be subject to the concessions set out below:
The quantities imported under the CN code referred to in this Annex, with the exception of codes 0104 and 0204, will be subject to levy and duty reduction of 20% in the first year, 40% in the second year and 60% in the successive years.

ANNEX XIIb
List of products referred to in Article 21 (4) (1)
Imports into the Community of the following products originating in Romania shall be subject to the concessions set out below

ANNEX XIII
List of products referred to in Article 21 (4)
Imports into Romania of the following products originating in the Community shall be subject to the concessions set out below

ANNEX XIV
ANNEX XV

>TABLE POSITION>

ANNEX XVI
Establishment (Article 45 (1))
Legal acts relating to real-estate property in frontier regions in accordance with
legislation in force in certain Member States of the Community.

ANNEX XVII
Establishment (Article 45 (2))
1. Purchase, ownership, sale of land and forestry.
2. Purchase, ownership, sale of residence buildings not related to foreign investments in
   Romania.
3. Cultural and historic monuments and buildings.
4. Organization of gambling, betting, lotteries and other similar activities.
5. Legal services, excluding legal advisory services.

ANNEX XVIII
Establishment: Financial services (Articles 45, 46, 48 and 50)
Definitions
A financial service is any service of a financial nature offered by a financial service
provider of a party. Financial services include the following activities:
A. All insurance and insurance-related services
   1. Direct insurance (including co-insurance)
      (i) life;
      (ii) non-life.
   2. Reinsurance and retrocession.
   3. Insurance intermediation, such as brokerage and agency.
   4. Services auxiliary to insurance, such as consultancy, actuarial, risk assessment and
      claim settlement services.
B. Banking and other financial services (excluding insurance)
   1. Acceptance of deposits and other repayable funds from the public.
   2. Lending of all types, including, inter alia, consumer credit, mortgage credit, factoring
      and financing of commercial transaction.
   3. Financial leasing.
   4. All payment and money transmission services, including credit charge and debit cards,
      travellers cheques and bankers drafts.
   5. Guarantees and commitments.
   6. Trading for own account of customers, whether on an exchange, in an over-the-
      counter market or otherwise, the following:
      (a) money market instruments (cheques, bills, certificates of deposits, etc.);
      (b) foreign exchange;
      (c) derivative products including, but not limited to, futures and options;
      (d) exchange rates and interest rate instruments, including products such as swaps,
         forward rate agreements, etc.;
      (e) transferable securities;
      (f) other negotiable instruments and financial assets, including bullion.
7. Participation in issues of all kinds of securities, including under-writing and placement as agent (whether publicly or privately) and provision of services related to such issues.
8. Money broking.
9. Asset management, such as cash or portfolio management, all forms of collective investment management, pension fund management, custodial depository and trust services.
10. Settlement and clearing services for financial assets, including securities, derivative products, and other negotiable instruments.
11. Advisory intermediation and other auxiliary financial services on all the activities listed in Points 1 to 10 above, including credit reference and analysis, investment and portfolio research and advice, advice on acquisitions and on corporate restructuring and strategy.
12. Provision and transfer of financial information, and financial data processing and related software by providers of other financial services.

Excluded from the definition of financial services are the following activities:
(a) activities carried out by central banks or by any other public institution in pursuit of monetary and exchange rate policies;
(b) activities conducted by central banks, government agencies or departments, or public institutions, for the account or with the guarantee of the government, except when those activities may be carried out by financial service providers in competition with such public entities;
(c) activities forming part of a statutory system of social security or public retirement plans, except when those activities may be carried out by financial service providers in competition with public entities or private institutions.

ANNEX XIX
Intellectual property (Article 67)
1. Paragraph 2 of Article 67 concerns the following multilateral conventions:
- Budapest Treaty on the international recognition of the deposit of micro-organisms for the purposes of patent procedures (1977, modified in 1980),
- Protocol relating to the Madrid Agreement concerning the international registration of marks (Madrid 1989),
- Berne Convention for the protection of literary and artistic works (Paris Act, 1971),
2. The Association Council may decide that paragraphe 2 of Article 67 shall apply to other present or future multilateral conventions.
3. The Contracting Parties confirm the importance they attach to the obligations arising from the following multilateral conventions:
- Paris Convention for the protection of industrial property (Stockholm Act, 1967 and amended in 1979),
- Madrid Agreement concerning the international registration of marks (Stockholm Act, 1967 and amended in 1979),
4. Before the end of the first stage, Romania shall comply in its internal legislation with the substantial provisions of the Nice Agreement concerning the international classification of goods and services for the purposes of registration of marks (Geneva 1977, amended 1979).
5. For the purposes of paragraph 3 of this Annex and the provisions of Article 76 (1) referring to intellectual property, Contracting Parties shall be Romania, the European Economic Community and the Member States, each in as far as they are respectively competent for matters concerning industrial, intellectual and commercial property covered by these conventions or by Article 76 (1).

6. The provisions of this Annex and of the provisions of Article 76 (1), referring to intellectual property are without prejudice to the competence of the European Economic Community and its Member States in matters of industrial, intellectual and commercial property.

LIST OF PROTOCOLS

PROTOCOL 1 on textile and clothing products

Article 1
This Protocol applies to the textile and clothing products (hereinafter 'textile products') defined as follows:
- for quantitative purposes, textiles products are those listed in Annex I to the bilateral Agreement between the Community and Romania on trade in textile products initialled on 11 July 1986 and applied provisionally since 1 January 1987, as amended by the exchange of letters initialled in Brussels on 20 September 1991, and to those products listed in Table I of the Annex to the Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters which is an integral part of the aforementioned bilateral Agreement initialled on 11 July 1986,
- for tariff purposes, textile products are those in Section XI (Chapters 50 to 63) of the combined nomenclature of the Community, and, respectively, of the Romanian customs tariff.

Article 2
1. Customs duties on imports applicable in the Community to textile products falling within Section XI (Chapters 50 to 63) of the combined nomenclature and originating in Romania in accordance with Protocol 4 of the Agreement shall be reduced in order to arrive at their elimination at the end of a period of six years starting from the entry into force of the Agreement, as follows:
- upon entry into force of the Agreement, to five-sevenths of the basic duty,
- at the start of the third year, to four-sevenths of the basic duty,
- at the start of the fourth year, to three-sevenths of the basic duty,
- at the start of the fifth year, to two-sevenths of the basic duty,
- at the start of the sixth year, to one-seventh of the basic duty,
- at the start of the seventh year, the remaining duties shall be eliminated.
2. Customs duties on imports applicable in Romania to textile products falling within Section XI (Chapters 50 to 63) of the Romanian customs tariff and originating in the Community in accordance with Protocol 4 of the Agreement, shall be progressively eliminated as provided for in Article 11 of the Agreement.
3. The customs duties applicable to compensating products imported into the Community which originate in Romania within the meaning of Protocol 4 of the Agreement, and which result from operations in Romania in accordance with Council
Regulation (EEC) No 636/82, shall be eliminated on the date of entry into force of the Agreement.

4. The provisions of Articles 12 and 13 of the Agreement shall apply to trade in textile products between the Parties.

Article 3

1. From the date of entry into force of the Agreement until the entry into force of the Protocol referred to in paragraph 2, the quantitative arrangements and other related issues regarding exports of textile products originating in Romania to the Community shall continue to be governed by the bilateral Agreement on trade in textile products between the Community and Romania, initialled on 11 July 1986 and applied provisionally since 1 January 1987, as amended by the exchange of letters initialled in Brussels on 20 September 1991. The Parties agree to amend as necessary the aforementioned bilateral agreement on trade in textile products to take account of the Community’s policy on textiles after 1 January 1993. The Parties agree that, as regards exports to the Community of textiles products originating in Romania, Articles 26 (2) and 31 of the Agreement shall not apply during the period of application of the aforementioned bilateral Agreement on trade in textile products.

2. Romania and the Community hereby undertake to negotiate a new Protocol on quantitative arrangements and other related issues on their trade in textile products as soon as possible, taking into account the future regime governing international trade in textile products under discussion in the multilateral negotiations in Geneva. The modalities and period during which non-tariff barriers shall be eliminated will be determined in the new Protocol. The period shall be equal to half the integration period to be decided in the Uruguay Round negotiations starting from 1 January 1994 and it shall not be shorter than five years starting from 1 January 1993 or from the entry into force of the Agreement, if later. The new Protocol shall follow on the expiration of the Agreement on textile products referred to in paragraph 1.

3. Taking into account the development of textile trade between the Parties, the degree of access of textile exports originating in the Community to Romania and the results of the multilateral trade negotiations of the Uruguay Round, provision will be made in the new Protocol for a substantial improvement of the regime applied to imports into the Community regarding import levels, growth rates, flexibility for quantitative limitations and elimination of certain quantitative limitations after a case-by-case examination. Notwithstanding Articles 26 (2) and 31 of the Agreement, provision for a specific textiles safeguard mechanism shall also be made in the new Protocol. Such a mechanism shall not be globally more restrictive than the safeguard mechanism provided for in the textile Agreement referred to in paragraph 1.

4. Quantitative restrictions and measures of equivalent effect on imports of Community textile products into Romania shall be abolished over the same period as is envisaged for the elimination of quantitative restrictions and measures of equivalent effect on imports of Romanian textile products into the Community.

Article 4

From the entry into force of this Agreement until the entry into force of the new Protocol, no new quantitative restrictions or measures of equivalent effect shall be imposed except as provided for under the Agreement and its Protocols.
PROTOCOL 2 on ECSC products

Article 1
This Protocol applies to products listed in Annex I to this Protocol.

CHAPTER I ECSC steel products

Article 2
Customs duties on imports applicable in the Community on ECSC steel products originating in Romania shall be progressively abolished in accordance with the following timetable:
1. each duty shall be reduced to 80 % of the basic duty on the date of entry into force of the Agreement;
2. further reductions to 60 %, 40 %, 20 %, 10 % and 0 % of the basic duty shall be made at the beginning of the second, third, fourth, fifth and sixth years respectively after the entry into force of the Agreement.

Article 3
Customs duties applicable in Romania on imports of ECSC steel products originating in the Community shall be progressively abolished in accordance with the following timetable:
1. for products listed in Annex II a to this Protocol customs duties shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of the Agreement;
2. for products listed in Annex II b to this Protocol customs duties shall be progressively reduced as provided for in Article 11 (2) of the Agreement;
3. for products listed neither in Annex II a nor II b to this Protocol customs duties shall be progressively reduced as provided for in Article 11 (4) of the Agreement.

Article 4
1. Quantitative restrictions and measures of equivalent effect on imports into the Community of ECSC steel products originating in Romania shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of the Agreement.
2. Quantitative restrictions and measures of equivalent effect on imports into Romania of ECSC steel products originating in the Community shall be abolished on the date of entry into force of the Agreement.

Article 5
If, during a period equal to the derogation for subsidies pursuant to Article 9 (4) and given the particular sensitivities of the steel markets, imports of specific steel products originating in one Party cause or threaten to cause serious injury to domestic producers of like products or serious disturbances to the steel markets of the other Party, both Parties shall enter into consultations immediately to find an appropriate solution. Pending such a solution and notwithstanding other provisions of the Agreement and in particular Articles 31 and 34, when exceptional circumstances require immediate action, the importing Party may adopt forthwith quantitative or other solutions strictly necessary to deal with the situation, in accordance with its international and multilateral obligations.

CHAPTER II ECSC coal products
Article 6
Customs duties on imports applicable in the Community on ECSC coal products originating in Romania shall be progressively abolished in accordance with the following timetable:
1. on 1 January 1994 each duty shall be reduced to 50% of the basic duty;
2. on 31 December 1995 the remaining duties shall be eliminated.

Article 7
Customs duties on imports applicable in Romania to ECSC coal products originating in the Community shall be abolished on the date of the entry into force of the Agreement.

Article 8
1. Quantitative restrictions applicable in the Community to ECSC coal products originating in Romania as well as measures having equivalent effect shall be abolished at the latest one year after the entry into force of the Agreement, with the exception of those concerning the products and the regions described in Annex III, which shall be abolished at the latest four years after the entry into force of the Agreement.
2. Quantitative restrictions on imports applicable in Romania to coal products originating in the Community as well as measures having equivalent effect shall be abolished upon entry into force of the Agreement.

CHAPTER III Common provisions

Article 9
1. The following are incompatible with the proper functioning of the Agreement, in so far as they may affect trade between the Community and Romania:
1. all agreements of cooperative or concentrative nature between undertakings, decisions by associations of undertakings and concerted practices between undertakings which have as their object or effect the prevention, restriction or distortion of competition;
2. abuse by one or more undertakings of a dominant position in the territories of the Community or of Romania as a whole or in a substantial part thereof;
3. public aid in any form whatsoever except derogations allowed pursuant to the ECSC Treaty.
2. Any practices contrary to this Article should be assessed on the basis of criteria arising from the application of the rules of Articles 65 to 66 of the Treaty establishing the ECSC, and of Articles 85 to 86 of the Treaty establishing the EEC and the rules on State aids, including the secondary legislation.
3. The Association Council shall, within three years of the entry into force of the Agreement, adopt the necessary rules for the implementation of paragraphs 1 and 2.
4. The Contracting Parties recognize that during the first five years after the entry into force of the Agreement, and by derogation from paragraph 1 (3) of this Article, Romania may exceptionally, as regards ECSC steel products, grant public aid for restructuring purposes, provided that:
- it leads to the viability of the benefiting firms under normal market conditions at the end of the restructuring period, and
- the amount and intensity of such aid are strictly limited to what is absolutely necessary in order to restore such viability and are progressively reduced,
- the restructuring programme is linked to a global rationalizing and reduction of capacity in Romania.

5. Each Party shall ensure transparency in the area of public aid by a full and continuous exchange of information to the other Party, including amount, intensity and purpose of the aid and detailed restructuring plan.

6. If the Community or Romania considers that a particular practice is incompatible with the terms of paragraph 1 as amended by paragraph 4 of this Article, and
- is not adequately dealt with under the implementing rules referred to in paragraph 3, or
- in the absence of such rules and if such practice causes or threatens to cause prejudice to the interests of the other Party or material injury to its domestic industry,
the affected party may take appropriate measures if no solution is found within 30 days through consultation. Such consultation shall be held in 30 days.

In the case of practices incompatible with paragraph 1 (3) of this Article, such appropriate measures may only cover measures adopted in conformity with the procedures and under the conditions laid down by the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade and any other relevant instrument negotiated under its auspices which are applicable between the Parties.

Article 10
The provisions of Articles 12, 13 and 14 of the Agreement shall apply to trade between the partners in ECSC products.

Article 11
The Parties agree that one of the special bodies established by the Association Council shall be a contact group which will discuss the implementation of this Protocol.

ANNEX I
List of ECSC coal and steel products
2601 11 00
2601 12 00
2602 00 00
2619 00 10
2701 11 00
2701 11 90
2701 12 10
2701 12 90
2701 19 00
2701 20 00
2702 10 00
2702 20 00
2704 00 19
2704 00 30
7201 10 11
7201 10 19
7201 10 30
7201 10 90
7201 20 00
7201 30 10
7208 14 91
7208 14 99
7208 21 10
7208 21 90
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ANNEX IIa
List of products referred to in Articles 3 (1) and 7
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2601 12 0 0
2602 00 0 0
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2701 11 1 0
2701 11 9 0
2701 12 1 0
2701 12 9 0
2701 19 0 0
2701 20 0 0
2702 10 0 0
2702 20 0 0
2704 00 1 9
2704 00 3 0
7201 10 1 1
7201 10 1 9
7201 10 3 0
7201 10 9 0
7201 20 0 0
7201 30 1 0
7201 30 9 0
7201 40 0 0
7202 99 1 1
7203 10 0 0
ANNEX IIb
List of products referred to in Article 3 (2)
7202 11 20
7202 11 80
7207 11 11
7207 11 19
7207 12 11
7207 12 19
7207 19 11
7207 19 15
7207 19 31
7207 20 11
7207 20 15
7207 20 17
7207 20 31
7207 20 33
ANNEX III
Products and regions referred to as exceptions in Article 8 of the ECSC Protocol

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PROTOCOL 3 on trade between Romania and the Community in processed agricultural products referred to in Article 20 of the Agreement

Article 1
1. The Community shall grant the tariff concessions referred to in Annex A to products originating in Romania. For goods for which a reduction of the agricultural component is provided for, in accordance with Article 3, such reduction shall be applicable within the quantity limits established in Annex B.
2. From 1 January 1996, Romania shall grant tariff concessions determined in accordance with this Protocol for the processed agricultural products referred to in Annex C.
3. The Association Council may:
   - add to the list of processed agricultural products referred to in this Protocol,
   - increase the quantities of processed agricultural products eligible for the concessions referred to in Annex B.
4. The Association Council may replace the concessions referred to in paragraphs 1 and 2 with a system of compensatory amounts with no quantity limits, established on the basis of the differences found between the prices on the Community and Romanian markets of the agricultural products actually used to produce the processed agricultural products covered by this Protocol. The Association Council shall draw up a list of the products to which the compensatory amounts are applicable and a list of basic products. It shall adopt general implementing rules to that end.

Article 2
For the purposes of the Articles which follow, the definitions given below shall apply:
- goods: the processed agricultural products referred to in this Protocol,
- agricultural components of the levy: the part of the levy corresponding to the quantity of agricultural products incorporated into the processed product and deducted from the levy applicable when such agricultural products are imported unprocessed,
- non-agricultural components of the levy: the part of the levy remaining when the agricultural component is deducted from the total levy,
- basic products: the agricultural products considered as having been used in the production of goods within the meaning of Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80,
- base quantity: the quantity of a basic product calculated in the manner stipulated in Article 6 of Regulation (EEC) No 3033/80 which is used to determine the variable component applicable to goods of a given type, in accordance with the terms of the same Regulation.

Article 3
1. From the date this Agreement enters into force, the Community shall phase out the non-agricultural component of the levy in accordance with the timetable set out in Annex A.
2. The Community shall apply to imports originating in Romania an agricultural component set according to the following criteria:
(a) for the goods for which Annex A stipulates an agricultural component (MOB), the latter shall be identical to that applying in the case of third countries;
(b) for the goods for which Annex A stipulates a reduced agricultural component (MOBR), the latter shall be calculated by reducing the base quantities of the basic products for which a levy reduction is granted by 20 % in 1993, 40 % in 1994 and 60 % from 1995. In the case of other basic products, the corresponding reductions, for the same years, shall be 10, 20 and 30 %.
This reduction of the agricultural component shall be granted only within the limits of the tariff quotas established in Annex B; for quantities in excess of those quotas, the agricultural component applying to all third countries shall be restored.
3. The agricultural component of the levy shall be determined according to the rules applicable to the import of processed agricultural products not covered by Annex II of the Treaty establishing the European Economic Community, taking into account the reductions provided for in paragraph 2 (b).

Article 4
1. Before 1 July 1995, Romania shall determine the agricultural component of the levy on the goods referred to in Annex C on the basis of the import duties applicable in 1995 to the basic agricultural products originating in the Community considered to have been used in the production of these goods. If shall forward that information to the Association Council.
2. From the time at which the Agreement enters into force until 31 December 1995, Romania shall apply to the goods referred to in Annex C the rates of duty in force on 28 February 1993. However, if reform of Romanian agricultural policy causes the agricultural component of the levy defined in Article 2 to increase, Romania shall inform the Association Council accordingly, and the latter may agree to an increase in the rate of duty concerned which corresponds to the size of the agricultural component.
3. Romania shall phase out the levies applicable to the goods referred to in Annex C in accordance with a timetable established by the Association Council. Elimination of the non-agricultural component of the levy must be complete by 1 January 2000 at the latest. Reduction of the agricultural component shall be determined by the Association Council on the basis of the concessions applicable to the basic products.

Article 5
The reduction of the variable components referred to in Article 3 (2) (b) shall apply only from 1 August 1993.

ANNEX A
>TABLE POSITION>

ANNEX B
>TABLE POSITION>

ANNEX C
Goods referred to in Article 1 (2)
0403 10 51
PROTOCOL 4 concerning the definition of the concept of originating products and methods of administrative cooperation

TITLE I DEFINITION OF THE CONCEPT OF ORIGINATING PRODUCTS

Article 1

Origin criteria

For the purpose of implementing the Agreement, and without prejudice to the provisions of Articles 2 and 3 of this Protocol, the following products shall be considered as:

1. products originating in the Community:
   (a) products wholly obtained in the Community, within the meaning of Article 4 of this Protocol;
   (b) products obtained in the Community which contain materials not wholly obtained there, provided that the said materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in the Community within the meaning of Article 5 of this Protocol;

2. products originating in Romania:
   (a) products wholly obtained in Romania, within the meaning of Article 4 of this Protocol;
   (b) products obtained in Romania which contain materials not wholly obtained there, provided that the said materials have undergone sufficient working or processing in Romania within the meaning of Article 5 of this Protocol.

Article 2
Bilateral cumulation

1. Notwithstanding Article 1 (1) (b), materials originating in Romania within the meaning of this Protocol shall be considered as originating in the Community without it being necessary for those materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided they have undergone working or processing going beyond that described in Article 5 (3) of this Protocol.

2. Notwithstanding Article 1 (2) (b), materials originating in the Community within the meaning of this Protocol shall be considered as originating in Romania without it being necessary for those materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided they have undergone working or processing going beyond that described in Article 5 (3) of this Protocol.

Article 3
Cumulation with materials originating in Bulgaria

1. In as much as trade between the Community and Bulgaria and between Romania and Bulgaria is governed by agreements containing rules identical to those in this Protocol, the terms of paragraphs 2, 3 and 5 shall apply.

2. (a) Notwithstanding Article 1 (1) (b), and without prejudice to the terms of paragraphs 3 and 5, materials originating in Bulgaria within the meaning of Protocol 4 attached to the Agreement between the Community and Bulgaria shall be considered as materials originating in the Community without it being necessary for those materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided they have undergone working or processing in the Community going beyond that described in Article 5 (3) of this Protocol.

(b) Notwithstanding Article 1 (2) (b), and without prejudice to the terms of paragraphs 3 and 5, materials originating in Bulgaria within the meaning of Protocol 4 attached to the Agreement between the Community and Bulgaria shall be considered as materials originating in Romania without it being necessary for those materials to have undergone sufficient working or processing, provided they have undergone working or processing in Romania going beyond that described in Article 5 (3) of this Protocol.

3. Products which have acquired the status of originating products under the terms of paragraph 2 shall continue to be considered as originating in the Community or in Romania, as appropriate, only if the value added to such products exceeds the value of the materials included in the products which originate in Bulgaria.

If this is not the case, the products in question shall be considered as originating in Bulgaria for the purposes of the implementation of this Agreement or of the Agreement between the Community and Bulgaria.

4. ‘Added value’ shall be taken to be the ex works price minus the customs value of each of the products incorporated which did not originate in the country in which those products were obtained.

5. For the purposes of applying this Article, rules of origin identical to those of this Protocol shall be applied in trade conducted between the Community and Bulgaria and between Romania and Bulgaria.

Article 4
Wholly obtained products

1. Within the meaning of Article 1 (1) (a) and (2) (a), the following shall be considered as wholly obtained either in the Community or in Romania:
(a) mineral products extracted from their soil or from their seabed;
(b) vegetable products harvested there;
(c) live animals born and raised there;
(d) products from live animals raised there;
(e) products obtained by hunting or fishing conducted there;
(f) products of sea fishing and other products taken from the sea by their vessels;
(g) products made aboard their factory ships exclusively from products referred to in subparagraph (f);
(h) used articles collected there fit only for the recovery of raw materials;
(i) waste and scrap resulting from manufacturing operations conducted there;
(j) goods produced there exclusively from the products specified in subparagraphs (a) to (i).

2. The term ‘their vessels’ in paragraph 1 (f) shall apply only to vessels:
- which are registered or recorded in Romania or in a Member State of the Community,
- which sail under the flag of Romania or of a Member State of the Community,
- which are owned to an extent of at least 50 % by nationals of Romania or of Member States of the Community, or by a company with its head office in one of these States or in Romania, of which the manager or managers, chairman of the board of directors or the supervisory board, and the majority of the members of such boards are nationals of Romania or of Member States of the Community and of which, in addition, in the case of partnerships or limited companies at least half the capital belongs to these States, to Romania, to their public bodies or to their nationals,
- of which the master and officers are nationals of Romania or of Member States of the Community,
- of which at least 75 % of the crew are nationals of Romania or of Member States of the Community.

3. The terms ‘Romania’ and ‘the Community’ shall also cover the territorial waters which surround Romania and the Member States of the Community.

Sea-going vessels, including factory ships on which the fish caught is worked or processed, shall be considered as part of the territory of the Community or of Romania provided that they satisfy the conditions set out in paragraph 2.

Article 5
Sufficiently processed products
1. For the purposes of Article 1, non-originating materials are considered to be sufficiently worked or processed when the product obtained is classified in a heading which is different from that in which all the non-originating materials used in its manufacture are classified, subject to paragraphs 2 and 3.

The expressions ‘chapters’ and ‘headings’ used in this Protocol shall mean the chapters and the headings (four-digit codes) used in the nomenclature which makes up the Harmonized Commodity Description and Coding System (hereinafter referred to as the ‘Harmonized System’ or HS).

The expression ‘classified’ shall refer to the classification of a product or material under a particular heading.

2. For a product mentioned in columns 1 and 2 of the list in Annex II, the conditions set out in column 3 for the product concerned must be fulfilled instead of the rule in paragraph 1.
Where in the list in Annex II a percentage rule is applied in determining the originating status of a product obtained in the Community or in Romania, the value added by the working or processing shall correspond to the ex works price of the product obtained, less the value of third-country materials imported into the Community or Romania.

(b) The term ‘value’ in the list in Annex II shall mean the customs value at the time of the import of the non-originating materials used for, if this is not known and cannot be ascertained, the first ascertainable price paid for these materials in the territory concerned.

Where the value of the originating materials used needs to be established, the provisions of the above subparagraph shall be applied mutatis mutandis.

(c) The term ‘ex works price’ in the list in Annex II shall mean the price paid for the product obtained to the manufacturer in whose undertaking the last working or processing is carried out, provided the price includes the value of all the materials used in manufacture, minus any internal taxes which are, or may be repaid when the product obtained is exported.

(d) ‘Customs value’ shall be understood as the value determined in accordance with the Agreement on Implementation of Article VII of the General Agreement on Tariffs and Trade, established in Geneva on 12 April 1979.

3. For the purpose of implementing paragraphs 1 and 2 the following shall be considered as insufficient working or processing to confer the status of originating products, whether or not there is a change of heading:

(a) operations to ensure the preservation of products in good condition during transport and storage (ventilation, spreading out, drying, chilling, placing in salt, sulphur dioxide or other aqueous solutions, removal of damaged parts, and like operations);

(b) simple operations consisting of removal of dust, sifting or screening, sorting, classifying, matching (including the making-up of sets of articles), washing, painting, cutting up;

(c) (i) changes of packaging and breaking up and assembly of consignments;

(ii) simple placing in bottles, flasks, bags, cases, boxes, fixing on cards or boards etc., and all other simple packaging operations;

(d) affixing marks, labels and other like distinguishing signs on products or their packaging;

(e) simple mixing of products, whether or not of different kinds, where one or more components of the mixture do not meet the conditions laid down in this Protocol to enable them to be considered as originating either in the Community or in Romania;

(f) simple assembly of parts of articles to constitute a complete article;

(g) a combination of two or more operations specified in subparagraphs (a) to (f);

(h) slaughter of animals.

Article 6
Natural elements
In order to determine whether a product originates in the Community or in Romania, it shall not be necessary to establish whether the electrical power, fuel, plant and equipment and machines and tools used to obtain such product or whether any materials or products used in the course of production which do not enter and which were not intended to enter into the final composition of the product originate in third countries or not.
Article 7
Accessories, spare parts and tools
Accessories, spare parts and tools dispatched with a piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle which are part of the normal equipment and included in the price thereof or are not separately invoiced are regarded as one with the piece of equipment, machine, apparatus or vehicle in question.

Article 8
Sets
Sets, as defined in General Rule 3 of the Harmonized System, shall be regarded as originating when all component articles are originating products. Nevertheless, when a set is composed of originating and non-originating articles, the set as a whole shall be regarded as originating provided that the value of the non-originating articles does not exceed 15% of ex works price of the set.

Article 9
Direct transport
1. The preferential treatment provided for under the Agreement applies only to products or materials which are transported between the territories of the Community, Romania or, where the provisions of Article 3 apply, of Bulgaria without entering any other territory. However, goods originating in Romania and constituting one single consignment which is not split up may be transported through territory other than that of the Community, Romania or, where the provisions of Article 3 apply, Bulgaria with, should the occasion arise, transhipment or temporary warehousing in such territory, provided that the goods have remained under the surveillance of the customs authorities in the country of transit or of warehousing and that they have not undergone operations other than unloading, reloading or any operation designed to preserve them in good condition.

2. Evidence that the conditions referred to in paragraph 1 have been fulfilled shall be supplied to the responsible customs authorities by the production of:
   (a) a single transport document issued in the exporting country covering the passage through the country of transit;
   (b) or a certificate issued by the customs authorities of the country of transit:
      - giving an exact description of the goods,
      - stating the dates of unloading and reloading of the goods or of the embarkation or disembarkation, identifying the ships or other means of transport used, and
      - certifying the conditions under which the goods remained in the transit country;
   (c) or failing these, any substantiating documents.

Article 10
Territorial requirement
The conditions set out in this Title relative to the acquisition of originating status must be fulfilled without interruption in the Community or in Romania except as provided for in Articles 2 and 3.

If originating products exported from the Community or Romania to another country are returned, except in so far as provided for in Articles 2 and 3, they must be considered as non-originating unless it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:
- the goods returned are the same goods as those exported, and
- they have not undergone any operation beyond that necessary to preserve them in
good condition while in that country.

TITLE II PROOF OF ORIGIN

Article 1 1
Movement certificate EUR.1
Evidence of originating status of products, within the meaning of this Protocol, shall be
given by a movement certificate EUR.1, a specimen of which appears in Annex III to this
Protocol.

Article 1 2
Normal procedure for the issue of certificates
1. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued only on application having been made in
writing by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorized
representative. Such application shall be made on a form, a specimen of which appears in
Annex III to this Protocol, which shall be completed in accordance with this Protocol.
Applications for movement certificates EUR.1 must be preserved for at least two years
by the customs authorities of the exporting State.
2. The exporter or his representative shall submit with his request any appropriate
supporting document proving that the products to be exported are such as to qualify for
the issue of a movement certificate EUR.1
He shall undertake to submit, at the request of the appropriate authorities, any
supplementary evidence they may require for the purpose of establishing the
correctness of the originating status of the products eligible for preferential treatment
and shall undertake to agree to any inspection of his accounts and to any check on the
processes of the obtaining of the above products carried out by the said authorities.
Exporters must keep for at least two years the supporting documents referred to in this
paragraph.
3. A movement certificate EUR.1 may be issued only where it can serve as the
documentary evidence required for the purpose of implementing the agreement.
4. The movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of a
Member State of the European Economic Community if the goods to be exported can be
considered as products originating in the Community within the meaning of Article 1(1)
of this Protocol. The movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs
authorities of Romania if the goods to be exported can be considered as products
originating in Romania within the meaning of Article 1(2) of this Protocol.
5. Where the cumulation provisions of Articles 2 and 3 are applied, the customs
authorities of the Member States of the Community or of Romania may issue movement
certificates EUR.1 under the conditions laid down in this Protocol if the goods to be
exported can be considered as products originating in the Community or Romania within
the meaning of this Protocol and provided that the goods covered by the movement
certificates EUR.1 are in the Community or in Romania.
In these cases, the movement certificates EUR.1 shall be issued subject to the
presentation of the proof of origin previously issued or made out. This proof of origin
must be kept for at least two years by the customs authorities of the exporting State.
6. Since the movement certificate EUR.1 constitutes the documentary evidence for the
application of the preferential tariff arrangements laid down in the Agreement, it shall be
the responsibility of the customs authorities of the exporting country to take any steps necessary to verify the origin of the goods and to check the other statements on the certificate.

7. For the purpose of verifying whether the conditions for issuing EUR.1 certificates have been met, the customs authorities shall have the right to call for any documentary evidence or to carry out any check which they consider appropriate.

8. It shall be the responsibility of the customs authorities of the exporting State to ensure that the forms referred to in paragraph 1 are duly completed. In particular, they shall check whether the space reserved for the description of the products has been completed in such a manner as to exclude all possibility of fraudulent additions. To this end, the description of the products must be indicated without leaving any blank lines. Where the space is not completely filled a horizontal line must be drawn below the last line of the description, the empty space being crossed through.

9. The date of issue of the movement certificate must be indicated in the part of the certificate reserved for the customs authorities.

10. A movement certificate EUR.1 shall be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting State when the products to which it relates are exported. It shall be made available to the exporter as soon as actual export has been effected or ensured.

Article 13
Long-term certificates EUR.1
1. Notwithstanding the provisions of Article 12 (10), a movement certificate EUR.1 may be issued by the customs authorities of the exporting State when only part of the products to which it relates are exported, in the case of a certificate covering a series of exportations of the same products from the same exporter to the same importer, over a maximum period of one year from the date of issue, hereinafter referred to as an 'LT certificate'.

2. LT certificates shall be issued, in accordance with the provisions of Article 12, at the discretion of the customs authorities of the exporting State and according to their own judgment of the need for this procedure, only where the originating status of the goods to be exported is expected to remain unchanged for the period of validity of the LT certificate. If any goods are no longer covered by the LT certificate, the exporter shall immediately inform the customs authorities who issued the certificate.

3. Where the LT certificate procedure applies, the customs authorities of the exporting State may prescribe the use of EUR.1 certificates bearing a distinctive sign by which they may be identified.

4. Box 11 'Customs endorsement' of the EUR.1 certificate must be endorsed as usual by the customs authorities of the exporting State.

5. One of the following phrases shall be entered in box 7 of the EUR.1 certificate:

'CERTIFICADO LT VÁLIDO HASTA EL . . .'
'LT-CERTIFIKAT GYLDIGT INDTIL . . .'
'LT-CERTIFICATE GÜLTIG BIS . . .'
'ÉÓÔÏ‹ÏÉÇÔÉÊÏ LT ÉÓ¥ÕÏÍ ÌÅ¥ÑÉ . . .'
'LT-CERTIFICATE VALID UNTIL . . .'
'CERTIFICAT LT VALABLE JUSQU'AU . . .'
'CERTIFICATO LT VALIDO HASTA EL . . .'
'LT-CERTIFICAAT GELDIG TOT EN MET . . .'
'LT-CERTIFICADO VALIDO ATÉ . . .'
6. Reference is not required in box 8 and box 9 of the LT certificate to the marks and numbers and number and kind of packages and the gross weight (kg) or other measures (litres, m², etc.). Box 8 must, however, contain a description and designation of the goods which is sufficiently precise to allow for their identification.

7. Notwithstanding Article 18, the LT certificate must be submitted to the customs office of import at or before the first importation of any goods to which it relates. When the importer carries out the customs clearance at several customs offices in the State of importation, the customs authorities may require him to produce a copy of the LT certificate to all of those offices.

8. Where an LT certificate has been submitted to the customs authorities, the evidence of the originating status of the imported goods shall, during the validity of the LT certificate, be given by invoices which satisfy the following conditions:
   (a) when an invoice includes both goods originating in the Community or Romania and non-originating goods, the exporter shall distinguish clearly between these two categories;
   (b) the exporter shall state on each invoice the number of the LT certificate which covers the goods and the date of expiry of the certificate and the names of the country or countries in which the goods originate.
   The statement on the invoice made by the exporter of the number of the LT certificate with the indication of the country of origin shall constitute a declaration that the goods fulfil the conditions laid down in this Protocol for the acquisition of preferential origin status in trade between the Community and Romania.
   The customs authorities of the exporting State may require that the entries which, under the above provisions, must appear on the invoice, be supported by the manuscript signature followed by the name of the signatory in clear script;
   (c) the description and the designation of the goods on the invoice shall be in sufficient detail to show clearly that the goods are also listed on the LT certificate to which the invoice refers;
   (d) the invoices can be made out only for the goods exported during the period of validity of the relevant LT certificate. They may however be produced at the customs office of importation within four months of their being made out by the exporter.

9. In the framework of the LT certificate procedure, invoices which satisfy the conditions of this Article may be made out and/or transmitted using telecommunications or electronic data-processing methods. Such invoices shall be accepted by the customs of the importing State as evidence of the originating status of the goods imported in accordance with the procedures laid down by the customs authorities there.

10. Should the customs authorities of the exporting State identify that a certificate and/or invoice issued under the provisions of this Article is invalid in relation to any goods supplied, they shall immediately notify the customs authorities of the importing State of the facts.

11. The provisions of this Article shall not prejudice application of the rules of the Community, the Member States and Romania on customs formalities and the use of customs documents.

Article 14
Issue of EUR.1 retrospectively
1. In exceptional circumstances a movement certificate EUR.1 may also be issued after export of the products to which it relates if it was not issued at the time of export because of errors or involuntary omissions or special circumstances.
2. For the implementation of paragraph 1, the exporter must in the written application:
   - indicate the place and date of export of the products to which the certificate relates,
   - certify that no movement certificate EUR.1 was issued at the time of export of the products in question, and state the reasons.
3. The customs authorities may issue a movement certificate EUR.1 retrospectively only after verifying that the information supplied in the exporter's application agrees with that in the corresponding file.
   Certificates issued retrospectively must be endorsed with one of the following phrases:
   'EXPEDIDO A POSTERIORI', 'UDSTEDT EFTERFØLGENDE', 'NACHTRÄGLICH AUSGESTELLT', 'ÅÊÄÏÈÅÍ ÅÊ ÔÙÍ ÕÓÔÅÑÙÍ', 'ISSUED RETROSPETIVELY', 'DÉLIVRÉ A POSTERIORI', 'RILASCIATO A POSTERIORI', 'AFGEGEVEN A POSTERIORI', 'EMITADO A POSTERIORI', 'EMIS A POSTERIORI'.
4. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 3 shall be inserted in the 'Remarks` box on the movement certificate EUR.1.

Article 15
Issue of a duplicate EUR.1
1. In the event of the theft, loss or destruction of a movement certificate EUR.1, the exporter may apply in writing to the customs authorities which issued it for a duplicate made out on the basis of the export documents in their possession.
2. The duplicate issued in this way must be endorsed with one of the following words:
   'DUPLICADO', 'DUPLIKAT', 'DUPLIKAT', 'ÁÍÔÉÃÑÁÖÏ', 'DUPLICATE', 'DUPLICATA',
   'DUPLICATO', 'DUPLICAAT', 'SEGUNDA VIA', 'DUPLICAT'.
3. The endorsement referred to in paragraph 2 shall be inserted in the 'Remarks` box on the movement certificate EUR.1.
4. The duplicate, which must bear the date of issue of the original movement certificate EUR.1, shall take effect as from that date.

Article 16
Simplified procedure for the issue of certificates
1. By way of derogation from Articles 12, 14 and 15 of this Protocol, a simplified procedure for the issue of EUR.1 movement certificates can be used in accordance with the following provisions.
2. The customs authorities in the exporting State may authorize any exporter, hereinafter referred to as 'approved exporter', making frequent shipments for which EUR.1 movement certificates may be issued and who offers, to the satisfaction of the competent authorities, all guarantees necessary to verify the originating status of the products, not to submit to the customs office of the exporting State at the time of export either the goods or the application for an EUR.1 certificate relating to those goods, for the purpose of obtaining an EUR.1 certificate under the conditions laid down in Article 12 of this Protocol.
3. The authorization referred to in paragraph 2 shall stipulate, at the choice of the competent authorities, that box 11 ‘Customs endorsement’ of the EUR.1 movement certificate must:
(a) either be endorsed beforehand with the stamp of the competent customs office of the exporting State and the signature, which may be a facsimile, of an official of that office; or
(b) be endorsed by the approved exporter with a special stamp which has been approved by the customs authorities of the exporting State and corresponds to the specimen given in Annex V to this Protocol. Such stamp may be pre-printed on the forms.

4. In the cases referred to in paragraph 3 (a), one of the following phrases shall be entered in box 7 ‘Remarks’ of the EUR.1 movement certificate:

5. Box 11 ‘Customs endorsement’ of the EUR.1 certificate shall be completed if necessary by the approved exporter.

6. The approved exporter shall, if necessary, indicate in box 13 ‘Request for verification’ of the EUR.1 certificate the name and address of the authority competent to verify such certificate.

7. Where the simplified procedure is applied, the customs authorities of the exporting State may prescribe the use of EUR.1 certificates bearing a distinctive sign by which they may be identified.

8. In the authorization referred to in paragraph 2 the competent authorities shall specify in particular:
   (a) the conditions under which the applications for EUR.1 certificates are to be made;
   (b) the conditions under which these applications are to be kept for at least two years;
   (c) in the cases referred to in paragraph 3 (b) the authority competent to carry out the subsequent verification referred to in Article 28 of this Protocol.

9. The customs authorities of the exporting State may declare certain categories of goods ineligible for the special treatment provided for in paragraph 2.

10. The customs authorities shall refuse the authorization referred to in paragraph 2 to exporters who do not offer all the guarantees which they consider necessary. The competent authorities may withdraw the authorization at any time. They must do so where the approved exporter no longer satisfies the conditions or no longer offers these guarantees.

11. The approved exporter may be required to inform the competent authorities, in accordance with the rules which they lay down, of the goods to be dispatched by him, so that such authorities may make any verification they think necessary before the departure of the goods.

12. The customs authorities of the exporting State may carry out any check on approved exporters which they consider necessary. Such exporters must allow this to be done.

13. The provisions of this Article shall be without prejudice to the application of the rules of the Community, the Member States and Romania concerning customs formalities and the use of customs documents.

Article 17
Replacement of certificates
1. It shall at any time be possible to replace one or more movement certificates EUR.1 by one or more other certificates provided that this is done by the customs office or other competent authorities responsible for controlling the goods.

2. When products which originate in the Community, in Romania or, where the provisions of Article 3 apply, in Bulgaria and are imported into a free zone under cover of an EUR.1 certificate undergo treatment or processing, the authorities concerned must issue a new EUR.1 certificate at the exporter’s request if the treatment or processing undergone is in conformity with the provisions of this Protocol.

3. The replacement certificate shall be regarded as a definite movement certificate EUR.1 for the purposes of the application of this Protocol, including the provisions of this Article.

4. The replacement certificate shall be issued on the basis of a written request from the re-exporter, after the authorities concerned have verified the information supplied in the applicant’s request. The date and serial number of the original movement certificate EUR.1 shall be given in box 7.

Article 18
Validity of certificates

1. A movement certificate EUR.1 must be submitted, within four months of the date of issue by the customs authorities of the exporting State, to the customs office of the importing State where the products are entered.

2. Movement certificates EUR.1 which are submitted to the customs authorities of the importing State after the final date of presentation specified in paragraph 1 may be accepted for the purpose of applying preferential treatment, where the failure to submit the certificates by the final date set is due to reasons of force majeure or exceptional circumstances.

3. In other cases of belated presentation, the customs authorities of the importing State may accept the certificates where the products have been submitted to them before the said final date.

Article 19
Exhibitions

1. Products sent from the Community or Romania for exhibition in a country other than Romania or a Member State of the Community and sold after the exhibition for importation into Romania or the Community shall benefit on importation from the provisions of the Agreement on condition that the products meet the requirements of this Protocol entitling them to be recognized as originating in the Community or in Romania and provided that it is shown to the satisfaction of the customs authorities that:

(a) an exporter has consigned these products from the Community or Romania to the country in which the exhibition is held and has exhibited them there;
(b) the products have been sold or otherwise disposed of by that exporter to someone in the Community or Romania;
(c) the products have been consigned during the exhibition or immediately thereafter to the Community or Romania in the state in which they were sent for exhibition;
(d) the products have not, since they were consigned for exhibition, been used for any purpose other than demonstration at the exhibition.
2. A movement certificate EUR.1 must be produced to the customs authorities in the normal manner. The name and address of the exhibition must be indicated thereon. Where necessary, additional documentary evidence of the nature of the products and the conditions under which they have been exhibited may be required.

3. Paragraph 1 shall apply to any trade, industrial, agricultural or crafts exhibition, fair or similar public show or display which is not organized for private purposes in shops or business premises with a view to the sale of foreign products, and during which the products remain under customs control.

Article 20
Submission of certificates
Movement certificates EUR.1 shall be submitted to the customs authorities in the importing State in accordance with the procedures laid down by that State. The said authorities may require a translation of a certificate. They may also require the import declaration to be accompanied by a statement from the importer to the effect that the products meet the conditions required for the implementation of the Agreement.

Article 21
Importation by instalments
Without prejudice to Article 5 (3) of this Protocol, where, at the request of the person declaring the goods at the customs, a dismantled or non-assembled article falling within Chapter 84 or 85 of the Harmonized System is imported by instalments on the conditions laid down by the competent authorities, it shall be considered to be a single article and a movement certificate may be submitted for the whole article upon import of the first instalment.

Article 22
Preservation of certificates
Movement certificates EUR.1 shall be preserved by the customs authorities of the importing State in accordance with the rules in force in that State.

Article 23
Form EUR.2
1. Notwithstanding Article 11, the evidence of originating status, within the meaning of this Protocol, for consignments containing only originating products and whose value does not exceed ECU 5 110 per consignment, may be provided by a form EUR.2, a specimen of which appears in Annex IV to this Protocol.
2. The form EUR.2 shall be completed and signed by the exporter or, under the exporter's responsibility, by his authorized representative in accordance with this Protocol.
3. A form EUR.2 shall be completed for each consignment.
4. The exporter who applied for the form EUR.2 shall submit at the request of the customs authorities of the exporting State all supporting documents concerning the use of this form.
5. Articles 18, 20 and 22 shall apply mutatis mutandis to forms EUR.2.

Article 24
Discrepancies
The discovery of slight discrepancies between the statements made in the movement certificate EUR.1 or in the form EUR.2 and those made in the documents submitted to the customs office for the purpose of carrying out the formalities for importing the products shall not ipso facto render the document null and void if it is duly established that it corresponds to the products submitted.

Article 25
Exemptions from proof of origin
1. Products sent as small packages from private persons to private persons or forming part of travellers' personal luggage shall be admitted as originating products without requiring the production of a movement certificate EUR.1 or the completion of form EUR.2, provided that such products are not imported by way of trade and have been declared as meeting the conditions required for the application of the Agreement, and where there is no doubt as to the veracity of such declaration.
2. Imports which are occasional and consist solely of products for the personal use of the recipients or travellers or their families shall not be considered as imports by way of trade if it is evident from the nature and quantity of the products that no commercial purpose is in view.
Furthermore, the total value of these products must not exceed ECU 365 in the case of small packages or ECU 1 025 in the case of the contents of travellers' personal luggage.

Article 26
Amounts expressed in ecus
1. Amounts in the national currency of the exporting State equivalent to the amounts expressed in ecus shall be fixed by the exporting State and communicated to the other Parties to this Agreement. When the amounts are more than the corresponding amounts fixed by the importing State, the latter shall accept them if the goods are invoiced in the currency of the exporting State.

If the goods are invoiced in the currency of another State and that State is a Member State of the Community, Romania or, where the provisions of Article 3 apply, Bulgaria, the importing State shall recognize the amount notified by the country concerned.
2. Up to and including 30 April 1993, the ecu to be used in any given national currency shall be the equivalent in that national currency of the ecu as at 3 October 1990. For each successive period of two years, it shall be the equivalent in that national currency of the ecu as at the first working day in October in the year immediately preceding that two-year period.

TITLE III ARRANGEMENTS FOR ADMINISTRATIVE COOPERATION
Article 27
Communication of stamps and addresses
The customs authorities of the Member States and of Romania shall provide each other, through the Commission of the European Communities, with specimen impressions of stamps used in their customs offices for the issue of EUR.1 certificates and with the addresses of the customs authorities responsible for issuing movement certificates EUR.1 and for verifying those certificates and forms EUR.2.

Article 28
Verification of movement certificates EUR.1 and of forms EUR.2
1. Subsequent verification of movement certificates EUR.1 and of forms EUR.2 shall be carried out at random or whenever the customs authorities of the importing State have reasonable doubts as to the authenticity of the document or the accuracy of the information regarding the true origin of the products in question.

2. For the purpose of the subsequent verification of movement certificates EUR.1, the customs authorities of the exporting State must keep copies of the certificates, as well as any export documents referring to them, for at least two years.

3. In order to ensure the proper application of this Protocol, Romania and the Member States of the Community shall assist each other, through their respective customs administrations, in checking the authenticity of movement certificates EUR.1, including those issued pursuant to Article 12 (5), and the forms EUR.2 and the accuracy of the information concerning the actual origin of the products concerned.

4. For the purpose of implementing paragraph 1, the customs authorities of the importing State shall return the movement certificate EUR.1 or form EUR.2, or a photocopy thereof, to the customs authorities of the exporting State, giving, where appropriate, the reasons of form or substance for an enquiry. The relevant commercial documents, or a copy thereof, shall be attached to the certificate EUR.1 or form EUR.2 and the customs authorities shall forward any information that has been obtained suggesting that the particulars given on the said certificate or the said form are inaccurate.

5. If the customs authorities of the importing State decide to suspend execution of the provisions of the Agreement while awaiting the results of the verification, they shall offer to release the products to the importer subject to any precautionary measures judged necessary.

6. The customs authorities of the importing State shall be informed of the results of the verification as soon as possible. These results must be such as to make it possible to determine whether the disputed movement certificate EUR.1 or form EUR.2 apply to the products in question and whether those products can, in fact, qualify for the application of the preferential arrangements.

If in cases of reasonable doubt there is no reply within 10 months of the date of the verification request, or if the reply does not contain sufficient information to determine the authenticity of the document in question or the real origin of the products, the requesting authorities shall refuse, except in the case of force majeure or exceptional circumstances, any benefit from the preferential treatment laid down in the Agreement.

7. Disputes which cannot be settled between the customs authorities of the importing State and those of the exporting State, or which raise a question as to the interpretation of this Protocol, shall be submitted to the Customs Cooperation Committee.

8. In all cases the settlement of disputes between the importer and the customs authorities of the importing State shall be under the legislation of the said State.

9. Where the verification procedure or any other available information appears to indicate that the provisions of this Protocol are being contravened, the Community or Romania shall on its own initiative or at the request of the other Party carry out appropriate enquiries or arrange for such enquiries to be carried out with due urgency to identify and prevent such contraventions, and for this purpose the Community or Romania may invite the participation of the other Party in these enquiries.

10. Where the verification procedure or any other available information appears to indicate that the provisions of this Protocol are being contravened, the products would
be accepted as originating products under this Protocol only after completion of such aspects of administrative cooperation set down in this Protocol which may have been activated, including in particular the verification procedure. Likewise, products would be refused treatment as originating products under this Protocol only after the completion of the verification procedure.

**Article 29**

**Penalties**

Penalties shall be imposed on any person who draws up, or causes to be drawn up, a document which contains incorrect particulars for the purpose of obtaining preferential treatment for products.

**Article 30**

**Free zones**

The Member States and Romania shall take all necessary steps to ensure that products traded under cover of a movement certificate EUR.1, which in the course of transport use a free zone situated in their territory, are not substituted by other goods and that they do not undergo handling other than normal operations designed to prevent their deterioration.

**TITLE IV CEUTA AND MELILLA**

**Article 31**

**Application of the Protocol**

1. The term 'Community' used in this Protocol does not cover Ceuta or Melilla. The term 'products originating in the Community' does not cover products originating in these zones.

2. This Protocol shall apply mutatis mutandis to products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, subject to particular conditions set out in Article 32.

**Article 32**

**Special conditions**

1. The following provisions shall apply instead of Article 1 and references to that Article shall apply mutatis mutandis to this Article.

2. Providing they have been transported directly in accordance with the provisions of Article 9, the following shall be considered as:

   1. products originating in Ceuta and Melilla:
      (a) products wholly obtained in Ceuta and Melilla;
      (b) products obtained in Ceuta and Melilla which contain materials not wholly obtained there, provided that:
         (i) the said materials have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 5 of this Protocol; or that
         (ii) those materials originate in Romania or the Community within the meaning of this Protocol, provided that they have undergone working or processing which goes beyond the working or processing referred to in Article 5 (3) of this Protocol;
   2. products originating in Romania:
      (a) products wholly obtained in Romania;
(b) products obtained in Romania which contain materials not wholly obtained there, provided that:
(i) the said materials have undergone sufficient working or processing within the meaning of Article 5 of this Protocol; or that
(ii) those materials originate in Ceuta and Melilla or the Community within the meaning of this Protocol, provided that they have undergone working or processing which goes beyond the working or processing referred to in Article 5 (3) of this Protocol.

3. Ceuta and Melilla shall be considered as a single territory.

4. The exporter or his authorized representative shall enter ‘Romania’ and ‘Ceuta and Melilla’ in box 2 of movement certificates EUR.1. In addition, in the case of products originating in Ceuta and Melilla, this shall be indicated in box 4 of movement certificates EUR.1.

5. The Spanish customs authorities shall be responsible for the application of this Protocol in Ceuta and Melilla.

TITLE V FINAL PROVISIONS

Article 3.3 Amendments to the Protocol
The Association Council shall examine at two-yearly intervals, or whenever Romania or the Community so request, the application of the provisions of this Protocol, with a view to making any necessary amendments or adaptations.
Such examination shall take into account in particular the participation of the Contracting Parties in free trade zones or customs unions with third countries.

Article 3.4 Customs Cooperation Committee
1. A Customs Cooperation Committee shall be set up, charged with carrying out administrative cooperation with a view to the correct and uniform application of this Protocol and with carrying out any other task in the customs field which may be entrusted to it.
2. The Committee shall be composed, on the one hand, of experts of the Member States and of officials of the departments of the Commission of the European Communities who are responsible for customs questions and, on the other hand, of experts nominated by Romania.

Article 3.5 Petroleum products
The products set out in Annex VI shall be temporarily excluded from the scope of this Protocol. Nevertheless, the arrangements regarding administrative cooperation shall apply, mutatis mutandis, to these products.

Article 3.6 Annexes
The Annexes to this Protocol shall form an integral part thereof.

Article 3.7 Implementation of the Protocol
The Community and Romania shall each take the steps necessary to implement this Protocol.
Article 38
Goods in transit or storage
The provisions of the Agreement may be applied to goods which comply with the provisions of this Protocol and which on the date of entry into force of the Agreement are either in transit or are in the Community, in Romania or, to the extent that the provisions of Article 3 apply, in Bulgaria in temporary storage in bonded warehouses or in free zones, subject to the submission to the customs authorities of the importing State, within four months of that date, or a certificate EUR.1 endorsed retrospectively by the competent authorities of the exporting State together with the documents showing that the goods have been transported directly.

LIST OF ANNEXES
ANNEX I
NOTES
Foreword
These notes shall apply, where appropriate, to all manufactured products using non-originating materials, even if they are not subject to specific conditions contained in the list in Annex II but are subject instead to the change of heading rule set out in Article 5 (1).

Note 1
1.1. The first two columns in the list describe the product obtained. The first column gives the heading number or chapter number used in the Harmonized System and the second column gives the description of goods used in that system for that heading or chapter. For each entry in the first two columns a rule is specified in column 3 or 4. Where, in some cases, the entry in the first column is preceded by an ‘ex’, this signifies that the rule in column 3 or 4 applies only to the part of that heading or chapter as described in column 2.
1.2. Where several heading numbers are grouped together in column 1 or a chapter number is given and the description of products in column 2 is therefore given in general terms, the adjacent rule in column 3 or 4 applies to all products which, under the Harmonized System, are classified in headings of the chapter or in any of the headings grouped together in column 1.
1.3. Where there are different rules in the list applying to different products within a heading, each indent contains the description of that part of the heading covered by the adjacent rule in column 3 or 4.

Note 2
2.1. The term ‘manufacture’ covers any kind of working or processing including ‘assembly’ or specific operations. However, see Note 3.5 below.
2.2. The term ‘material’ covers any ingredient, raw material, component or part, etc., used in the manufacture of the product.
2.3. The term ‘product’ refers to the product being manufactured, even if it is intended for later use in another manufacturing operation.
2.4. The term ‘goods’ covers both materials and products.

Note 3
3.1. In the case of any heading not in the list or any part of a heading that is not in the list, the ‘change of heading’ rule set out in Article 5 (1) applies. If a ‘change of heading’ condition applies to any entry in the list, then it is contained in the rule in column 3.
3.2. The working or processing required by a rule in column 3 has to be carried out only in relation to the non-originating materials used. The restrictions contained in a rule in column 3 likewise apply only to the non-originating materials used.

3.3. Where a rule states that ‘materials of any heading’ may be used, materials of the same heading as the product may also be used, subject, however, to any specific limitations which may also be contained in the rule. However, the expression ‘manufacture from materials of any heading, including other materials of heading No . . .’ means that only materials classified in the same heading as the product of a different description than that of the product as given in column 2 of the list may be used.

3.4. If a product made from non-originating materials which has acquired originating status during manufacture by virtue of the change of heading rule or its own list rule is used as a material in the process of manufacture of another product, then the rules applicable to the product in which it is incorporated does not apply to it.

For example:
An engine of heading No 8407, for which the rule states that the value of the non-originating materials which may be incorporated may not exceed 40 % of the ex works price, is made from ‘other alloy steel roughly shaped by forging’ of heading No 7224. If this forging has been forged in the country concerned from a non-originating ingot then the forging has already acquired origin by virtue of the rule for heading No ex 7224 in the list. It can then count as originating in the value calculation for the engine regardless of whether it was produced in the same factory or another. The value of the non-originating ingot is thus not taken into account when adding up the value of the non-originating materials used.

3.5. Even if the change of heading rule or the other rules contained in the list are satisfied, a product shall not acquire originating status if the processing carried out, taken as a whole, is insufficient within the meaning of Article 5 (3).

3.6. The unit of qualification for the application of the origin rules shall be the particular product which is considered as the basic unit when determining classification using the nomenclature of the Harmonized System. In the case of sets of products which are classified by virtue of General Rule 3 for the interpretation of the Harmonized System, the unit of qualification shall be determined in respect of each item in the set: this provision is equally applicable to sets of heading Nos 6308, 8206 and 9605.

Accordingly, it follows that:
- when a product composed of a group or assembly of articles is classified under the terms of the Harmonized System in a single heading, the whole constitutes the unit of qualification,
- when a consignment consists of a number of identical products classified under the same heading of the Harmonized System, each product must be taken individually when applying the origin rules,
- where, under General Rule 5 of the Harmonized System, packing is included with the product for classification purposes, it shall be included for the purposes of determining origin.

Note 4
4.1. The rule in the list represents the minimum amount of working or processing required and the carrying out of more working or processing also confers originating status; conversely, the carrying out of less working or processing cannot confer origin. Thus if a rule says that non-originating material at a certain level of manufacture may be
used, the use of such material at an earlier stage of manufacture is allowed and the use of such material at a later stage is not.

4.2. When a rule in the list specifies that a product may be manufactured from more than one material, this means that any one or more materials may be used. It does not require that all be used.

For example:
The rule for fabrics says that natural fibres may be used and that chemical materials, among other materials, may also be used. This does not mean that both have to be used; one can use one or the other or both.

If, however, a restriction applies to one material and other restrictions apply to other materials in the same rule, then the restrictions only apply to the materials actually used.

For example:
The rule for sewing machines specifies that both the thread tension mechanism used and the zigzag mechanism used must originate; these two restrictions only apply if the mechanisms concerned are actually incorporated into the sewing machine.

4.3. When a rule in the list specifies that a product must be manufactured from a particular material, the condition obviously does not prevent the use of other materials which, because of their inherent nature, cannot satisfy the rule.

For example:
The rule for heading No 1904 which specifically excludes the use of cereals or their derivatives does not prevent the use of mineral salts, chemicals and other additives which are not produced from cereals.

For example:
In the case of an article made from non-woven materials, if the use of only non-originating yarn is allowed for this class of article, it is not possible to start from non-woven cloth - even if non-woven cloths cannot normally be made from yarn. In such cases, the starting material would normally be at the stage before yarn - that is the fibre stage.

See also Note 7.3 in relation to textiles.

4.4. If in a rule in the list two or more percentages are given for the maximum value of non-originating materials that can be used, then these percentages may not be added together. The maximum value of all the non-originating materials used may never exceed the highest of the percentages given. Furthermore, the individual percentages must not be exceeded in relation to the particular materials they apply to.

Note 5

5.1. The term 'natural fibres' is used in the list to refer to fibres other than artificial or synthetic fibres and is restricted to the stages before spinning takes place, including waste, and, unless otherwise specified, the term 'natural fibres' includes fibres that have been carded, combed or otherwise processed but not spun.

5.2. The term 'natural fibres' includes horsehair of heading No 0503, silk of heading Nos 5002 and 5003 as well as the wool fibres, fine or coarse animal hair of heading Nos 5101 to 5105, the cotton fibres of heading Nos 5201 to 5203 and other vegetable fibres of heading Nos 5301 to 5305.

5.3. The terms 'textile pulp', 'chemical materials' and 'paper-making materials' are used in the list to describe the materials not classified in Chapters 50 to 63, which can be used to manufacture artificial, synthetic or paper fibres or yarns.
5.4. The term 'man-made staple fibres' is used in the list to refer to synthetic or artificial filament tow, staple fibres or waste, of headings Nos 5501 to 5507.

Note 6

6.1. In the case of the products classified within those headings in the list to which a reference is made to this Note, the conditions set out in column 3 of the list shall not be applied to any basic textile materials used in their manufacture which, taken together, represent 10 % or less of the total weight of all the basic textile materials used (but see also Notes 6.3 and 6.4).

6.2. However, this tolerance may only be applied to mixed products which have been made from two or more basic textile materials. The following are the basic textile materials:
- silk,
- wool,
- coarse animal hair,
- fine animal hair,
- horsehair,
- cotton,
- paper-making materials and paper,
- flax,
- true hemp,
- jute and other textile bast fibres,
- sisal and other textile fibres of the genus Agave,
- coconut, abaca, ramie and other vegetable textile fibres,
- synthetic man-made filaments,
- artificial man-made filaments,
- synthetic man-made staple fibres,
- artificial man-made staple fibres.

For example:
A yarn of heading No 5205 made from cotton fibres of heading No 5203 and synthetic staple fibres of heading No 5506 is a mixed yarn. Therefore, non-originating synthetic staple fibres that do not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) may be used up to a weight of 10 % of the yarn.

For example:
A woollen fabric of heading No 5112 made from woollen yarn of heading No 5107 and synthetic yarn of staple fibres of heading No 5509 is a mixed fabric. Therefore synthetic yarn which does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from chemical materials or textile pulp) or woollen yarn that does not satisfy the origin rules (which require manufacture from natural fibres, not carded or combed or otherwise prepared for spinning) or a combination of the two may be used up to a weight of 10 % of the fabric.

For example:
Tufted textile fabric of heading No 5802 made from cotton yarn of heading No 5205 and cotton fabric of heading No 5210 is only a mixed product if the cotton fabric is itself a mixed fabric being made from yarns classified in two separate headings or if the cotton yarns used are themselves mixtures.

For example:
If the tufted textile fabric concerned had been made from cotton yarn of heading No 5205 and synthetic fabric of heading No 5407, then, obviously, the yarns used are two
separate basic textile materials and the tufted textile fabric is accordingly a mixed product. For example:
A carpet with tufts made from both artificial yarns and cotton yarns and with a jute backing is a mixed product because three basic textile materials are used. Thus, any non-originating materials that are at a later stage of manufacture than the rule allows may be used, provided their total weight taken together does not exceed 10 % of the weight of the textile materials in the carpet. Thus, both the jute backing and/or the artificial yarns could be imported at that stage of manufacture, provided the weight conditions are met.

6.3. In the case of fabrics incorporating ‘yarn made of polyurethane segmented with flexible segments of polyether whether or not gimped’ this tolerance is 20 % in respect of this yarn.

6.4. In the case of fabrics incorporating strip consisting of a core of aluminium foil or of a core of plastic film whether or not coated with aluminium powder, of a width not exceeding 5 mm, sandwiched by means of an adhesive between two films of plastic film, this tolerance is 30 % in respect of this strip.

Note 7

7.1. In the case of those textile products which are marked in the list by a footnote referring to this note, textile materials with the exception of linings and interlinings which do not satisfy the rule set out in the list in column 3 for the made-up products concerned may be used provided that they are classified in a heading other than that of the product and that their value does not exceed 8 % of the ex works price of the product.

7.2. Any non-textile trimmings and accessories or other materials used which contain textiles do not have to satisfy the conditions set out in column 3 even though they fall outside the scope of Note 4.3.

7.3. In accordance with Note 4.3, any non-originating non-textile trimmings and accessories or other product, which do not contain any textiles, may, anyway, be used freely where they cannot be made from the materials listed in column 3.

For example:
If a rule in the list says that for a particular textile item, such as a blouse, yarn must be used, this does not prevent the use of metal items, such as buttons, because they cannot be made from textile materials.

7.4. Where a percentage rule applies, the value of trimmings and accessories must be taken into account when calculating the value of the non-originating materials incorporated.

ANNEX II

ANNEX III
MOVEMENT CERTIFICATES EUR.1
1. Movement certificates EUR.1 shall be made out on the form of which a specimen appears in this Annex. This form shall be printed in one or more of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up. Certificates shall be made out in one of these languages and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink and in capital letters.
2. Each certificate shall measure 210 ¥ 297 mm; a tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 25 g/m$^2$. It shall have a printed green guilloche pattern background making any falsification by mechanical or chemical means apparent to the eye.

3. The competent authorities of the Member States of the Community and of Romania may reserve the right to print the certificates themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each certificate must include a reference to such approval. Each certificate must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

MOVEMENT CERTIFICATE

ANNEX IV
FORM EUR.2
1. Form EUR.2 shall be made out on the form of which a specimen appears in this Annex. This form shall be printed in one or more of the languages in which the Agreement is drawn up. Forms shall be made out in one of these languages and in accordance with the provisions of the domestic law of the exporting State. If they are handwritten, they shall be completed in ink and in capital letters.

2. Each form EUR.2 shall measure 210 ¥ 148 mm; a maximum tolerance of up to minus 5 mm or plus 8 mm in the length may be allowed. The paper used must be white, sized for writing, not containing mechanical pulp and weighing not less than 64 g/m$^2$.

3. The competent authorities of the Member States of the Community and of Romania may reserve the right to print the forms themselves or may have them printed by approved printers. In the latter case each form must include a reference to such approval. Each form must bear the name and address of the printer or a mark by which the printer can be identified. It shall also bear a serial number, either printed or not, by which it can be identified.

ANNEX V
Specimen impression of the stamp mentioned in Article 16 (3) (b)

ANNEX VI

PROTOCOL 5 on specific provisions concerning trade between Romania and Spain and Portugal

CHAPTER I Specific provisions relating to trade between Spain and Romania

Article 1
The provisions of the Agreement relating to trade in Title III shall be amended as follows in order to take account of the measures and undertakings listed in the Act of Accession
of the Kingdom of Spain to the European Communities (hereinafter called 'the Act of Accession')

Article 2
Under the Act of Accession, Spain shall not grant to products originating in Romania more favourable treatment than it provides for imports originating or in free circulation in other Member States.

Article 3
1. Duties applied by the Kingdom of Spain to agricultural products as defined in Article 19 of the Agreement originating in Romania and listed in Annexes XIb and XIIb of the Agreement shall be progressively aligned with those applied by the Community of Ten in accordance with the procedure and timetables set out in Articles 75 (2) and (3) of the Act of Accession.
2. Levies applied by the Kingdom of Spain to agricultural products referred to in Article 21 (2) of the Agreement originating in Romania and listed in Annexes XIa and XIIa, and to the agricultural component of products referred to in Protocol 3 originating in Romania, will be the levies applied each year by the Community of Ten adjusted by the accession compensatory amounts as set out in the Act of Accession.

Article 4
The implementation by Spain of the undertakings covered by Article 10 (4) of the Agreement shall take place at the time set for the remaining Member States always provided that Romania has been removed from the scope of Regulations (EEC) No 1765/82 and (EEC) No 3420/83 on import arrangements for products originating in State-trading countries.

Article 5
Quantitative restrictions may be applied to imports into Spain of products originating in Romania until 31 December 1995 in respect of the products listed in Annex A.

Article 6

CHAPTER II Specific provisions relating to trade between Portugal and Romania
Article 7
The provisions of the Agreement relating to trade in Title III shall be amended as follows in order to take account of the measures and undertakings listed in the Act of Accession of the Portuguese Republic to the European Communities (hereinafter called 'the Act of Accession').

Article 8
Under the Act of Accession Portugal shall not grant Romania more favourable treatment than is provided for imports originating in other Member States.
Article 9
1. The duties applicable by the Portuguese Republic to industrial products originating in Romania and referred to in Article 10 of the Agreement and in Protocols 1 and 2 and to the non-agricultural components of products included in Protocol 3 shall be phased out according to the procedure and timetables set forth in this Article.
2. Tariff dismantling shall take as its basic starting point the duties actually applied by the Portuguese Republic in its trade with the Community of Ten on 1 January 1985; from the entry into force of the Agreement, duties shall be aligned on those applied by the Community of Ten.
However, for products referred to in Annex XXXI of the Act of Accession tariff dismantling shall be carried out according to the same timetable and start from the duties actually applied by the Portuguese Republic in its trade with third countries on 1 January 1985.

Article 10
1. The duties applied by the Portuguese Republic to agricultural products as defined in Article 19 of the Agreement originating in Romania and listed in Annexes XIb and XIIb of the Agreement shall be progressively aligned with those applied by the Community of Ten in accordance with the procedure and timetables set out below in this Article.
2. For agricultural products other than those referred to in paragraph 3 of this Article the Portuguese Republic shall reduce its tariffs from those actually applied by it in its trade with third countries on 1 January 1985. Each year the difference between those and those applied by the Community of Ten shall be reduced in accordance with the following timetable:
   - from entry into force of the Agreement, the difference shall be reduced to 27,2 % of the original difference;
   - on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 18,1 % of the original difference;
   - on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 9 % of the original difference;
   - from 1 January 1996, the Portuguese Republic shall apply the same duties as the Community of Ten.
3. The Portuguese Republic shall apply a duty to the agricultural products referred to in Regulations (EEC) No 136/66, (EEC) No 804/68, (EEC) No 805/68, (EEC) No 1035/72, (EEC) No 2727/75, (EEC) No 1418/76 and (EEC) No 822/87, which reduces the difference between the duty actually applied on 31 December 1990 and the preferential duty in accordance with the following timetable:
   - from the entry into force of the Agreement, the difference shall be reduced to 49,9 % of the initial difference,
   - on 1 January 1994, the difference shall be reduced to 33,2 % of the initial difference,
   - on 1 January 1995, the difference shall be reduced to 16,5 % of the initial difference.
Portugal shall apply preferential rates in full from 1 January 1996.

Article 11
The implementation by Portugal of the undertakings covered by Article 10 (4) of the European Agreement shall take place at the time set for the remaining Member States always provided that Romania has been removed from the scope of Regulations (EEC)
No 1765/82 and (EEC) No 3420/83 on import arrangements for products originating in State-trading countries.

Article 12
Quantitative restrictions may be applied to imports into Portugal of products originating in Romania until 31 December 1995 in respect of the products listed in Annex B.

ANNEX A

>TABLE POSITION>

ANNEX B
0103 10 00
0103 91 10
0103 92 11
0103 92 19
0701 10 00
0701 90 10
0701 90 51
0701 90 59
0803 00 10
0803 00 90
0804 30 00
2204 21 10
2204 21 21
2204 21 23
2204 21 25
2204 21 29
2204 21 31
2204 21 33
2204 21 35
2204 29 10
2204 29 21
2204 29 23
2204 29 25
2204 29 29
2204 29 31
2204 29 33
2204 29 35
2204 29 39

PROTOCOL 6 on mutual assistance in customs matters
Article 1
Definitions
For the purposes of this Protocol:
(a) customs legislation: shall mean provisions applicable in the territories of the Contracting Parties governing the import, export, transit of goods and their placing under any other customs procedure, including measures of prohibition, restriction and control adopted by the said Parties;
(b) customs duties: shall mean all duties, taxes, fees or/and other charges which are levied and collected in the territories of the Contracting Parties, in application of customs legislation, but not including fees and charges which are limited in amount to the approximate costs of services rendered;
(c) applicant authority: shall mean a competent administrative authority which has been appointed by a Contracting Party for this purpose and which makes a request for assistance in customs matters;
(d) requested authority: shall mean a competent administrative authority which has been appointed by a Contracting Party for this purpose and which receives a request for assistance in customs matters;
(e) contravention: shall mean any violation of the customs legislation as well as any attempted violation of such legislation.

Article 2
Scope
1. The Contracting Parties shall assist each other, in the manner and under the conditions laid down in this Protocol, in ensuring that customs legislation is correctly applied, in particular by the prevention, detection and investigation of contraventions of this legislation.
2. Assistance in customs matters, as provided for in this Protocol, applies to any administrative authority of the Contracting Parties which is competent for the application of this Protocol. It shall not prejudice the rules governing mutual assistance in criminal matters. Nor shall it cover information obtained under powers exercised at the request of the judicial authority, unless those authorities so agree.

Article 3
Assistance on request
1. At the request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall furnish it with all relevant information to enable it to ensure that customs legislation is correctly applied, including information regarding operations noted or planned which contravene or would contravene such legislation.
2. At the request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall inform it whether goods exported from the territory of one of the Contracting Parties have been properly imported into the territory of the other Party, specifying, where appropriate, the customs procedure applied to the goods.
3. At the request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall take the necessary steps to ensure that a surveillance is kept on:
   (a) natural or legal persons of whom there are reasonable grounds for believing that they are contravening or have contravened customs legislation;
   (b) movement of goods notified as possibly giving rise to substantial contraventions of customs legislation;
   (c) means of transport for which there are reasonable grounds for believing that they have been, are or may be used in the contravening of customs legislation.

Article 4
Spontaneous assistance
The Contracting Parties shall within their competences provide each other with assistance if they consider that to be necessary for the correct application of customs legislation, particularly when they obtain information pertaining to:
- operations which have contravened, contravene or would contravene such legislation and which may be of interest to other Contracting Parties,
- new means or methods employed in realizing such operations,
- goods known to be subject to substantial contravention of customs legislation on import, export, transit or any other customs procedure.

Article 5
Delivery/Notification
At the request of the applicant authority, the requested authority shall in accordance with its legislation take all necessary measures in order:
- to deliver all documents,
- to notify all decisions,
falling within the scope of this Protocol to an addressee, residing or established in its territory. In such a case Article 6 (3) is applicable.

Article 6
Form and substance of requests for assistance
1. Requests pursuant to the present Protocol shall be made in writing. Documents necessary for the execution of such requests shall accompany the request. When required because of the urgency of the situation, oral requests may be accepted, but must be confirmed in writing immediately.
2. Requests pursuant to paragraph 1 of this Article shall include the following information:
   (a) the applicant authority making the request;
   (b) the measure requested;
   (c) the object of and the reason for the request;
   (d) the laws, rules, and other legal elements involved;
   (e) indications as exact and comprehensive as possible on the natural or legal persons being the target of the investigations;
   (f) a summary of the relevant facts, except in cases provided for in Article 5.
3. Requests shall be submitted in an official language of the requested authority or in a language acceptable to such authority.
4. If a request does not meet the formal requirements, its correction or completion may be demanded; the ordering of precautionary measures may, however, take place.

Article 7
Execution of requests
1. In order to comply with a request for assistance, the requested authority or, when the latter cannot act on its own, the administrative department to which the request has been addressed by this authority, shall proceed, within its competence and available resources, as though it were acting on its own account or at the request of other authorities of that same Contracting Party, by supplying information already possessed, by carrying out appropriate enquiries or by arranging for them to be carried out.
2. Requests for assistance will be executed in accordance with the laws, rules, and other legal instruments of the requested Contracting Party.
3. Duly authorized officials of a Contracting Party may, with the agreement of the other Contracting Party involved and within the conditions laid down by the latter, obtain from the offices of the requested authority or other authority for which the requested authority is responsible, information relating to the contravention of customs legislation which the applicant authority needs for the purposes of this Protocol.

4. Officials of a Contracting Party may, with the agreement of the other Contracting Party, be present at enquiries carried out in the latter's territory.

Article 8
Form in which information is to be communicated
1. The requested authority shall communicate results of enquiries to the applicant authority in the form of documents, certified copies of documents, reports and the like.
2. The documents provided for in paragraph 1 may be replaced by computerized information produced in any form for the same purpose.

Article 9
Exceptions to the obligation to provide assistance
1. The Contracting Parties may refuse to give assistance as provided for in this Protocol, where to do so would:
   (a) be likely to prejudice sovereignty, public policy (l'ordre public), security or other essential interests; or
   (b) involve currency or tax regulations other than regulations concerning customs duties; or
   (c) violate an industrial, commercial or professional secret.
2. Where the applicant authority asks for assistance which it would itself be unable to provide if so asked, it shall draw attention to that fact in its request. It shall then be left to the requested authority to decide how to respond to such a request.
3. If assistance is withheld or denied, the decision and the reasons therefor must be notified to the applicant authority without delay.

Article 10
Obligation to observe confidentiality
1. Any information communicated in whatsoever form pursuant to this Protocol shall be of a confidential nature. It shall be covered by the obligation of official secrecy and shall enjoy the protection extended under the relevant laws applicable in the Contracting Party which received it and the corresponding provisions applying to the Community authorities.
2. Nominative data shall not be transmitted whenever there are reasonable grounds to believe that the transfer or the use made of the data transmitted would be contrary to the basic legal principles of one of the Parties, and, in particular, if the person concerned would suffer undue disadvantages. Upon request, the receiving Party shall inform the furnishing Party of the use made of the information supplied and of the results achieved.
3. Nominative data may only be transmitted to customs authorities and, in the case of need for prosecution purposes, to public prosecution and judicial authorities. Other persons or authorities may obtain such information only upon previous authorization by the furnishing authority.
4. The furnishing Party shall verify the accuracy of the information to be transferred. Whenever it appears that the information supplied was inaccurate or to be deleted, the
receiving Party shall be notified without delay. The latter shall be obliged to carry out the correction or deletion.

5. Without prejudice to cases of prevailing public interest, the person concerned may obtain, upon request, information on the data stores and the purpose of this storage.

Article 11
Use of information
1. Information obtained shall be used solely for the purposes of this Protocol and may be used within each Contracting Party for other purposes only with the prior written consent of the administrative authority which furnished the information and shall be subject to any restrictions laid down by that authority. These provisions are not applicable to information concerning offences relating to narcotic drugs and psychotropic substances. Such information may be communicated to other authorities directly involved in the combating of illicit drug traffic, within the limits of Article 2.
2. Paragraph 1 shall not impede the use of information in any judicial or administrative proceedings subsequently instituted for failure to comply with customs legislation.
3. The Contracting Parties may, in their records of evidence, reports and testimonies and in proceedings and charges brought before the courts, use as evidence information obtained and documents consulted in accordance with the provisions of this Protocol.

Article 12
Experts and witnesses
An official of a requested authority may be authorized to appear, within the limitations of the authorization granted, as expert or witness in judicial or administrative proceedings regarding the matters covered by this Protocol in the jurisdiction of another Contracting Party, and produce such objects, documents or authenticated copies thereof, as may be needed for the proceedings. The request for an appearance must indicate specifically on what matter and by virtue of what title or qualification the official will be questioned.

Article 13
Assistance expenses
The Contracting Parties shall waive all claims on each other for the reimbursement of expenses incurred pursuant to this Protocol, except, as appropriate, for expenses to experts and witnesses and to interpreters and translators who are not dependent upon public services.

Article 14
Implementation
1. The management of this Protocol shall be entrusted to the central customs authorities of Romania on the one hand, and the competent services of the Commission and, where appropriate, the customs authorities of the Community Member States on the other. They shall decide on all practical measures and arrangements necessary for its application, taking into consideration rules in the field of data protection. They may recommend to the competent bodies amendments which they consider should be made to this Protocol.
2. The Contracting Parties shall consult each other and subsequently keep each other informed of the detailed rules of implementation which are adopted in accordance with the provisions of this Article.

Article 15
Complementarity
1. This Protocol shall complement and not impede application of any agreements on mutual assistance which have been concluded or may be concluded between individual or several Community Member States and Romania. Nor shall it preclude more extensive mutual assistance granted under such agreements.
2. Without prejudice to Article 11, these agreements do not prejudice Community provisions governing the communication between the competent services of the Commission and the customs authorities of the Member States of any information obtained in customs matters which could be of Community interest.

PROTOCOL 7 on concessions with annual limits
The Parties agree that if the Agreement comes into force after 1 January in any year, any concession given within the limits of annual quantities will be adjusted pro rata with the exception of those Community concessions contained in Annexes III and XI. In respect of Annexes III and XI, products for which import certificates have been issued under the EEC Council Regulations applying generalized tariff preferences between 1 January and the entry into force of the Agreement will be counted against the tariff quota or tariff ceiling quantities contained in such Annexes.

FINAL ACT
The Plenipotentiaries of:
THE KINGDOM OF BELGIUM,
THE KINGDOM OF DENMARK,
THE FEDERAL REPUBLIC OF GERMANY,
THE HELLENIC REPUBLIC,
THE KINGDOM OF SPAIN,
THE FRENCH REPUBLIC,
IRELAND,
THE ITALIAN REPUBLIC,
THE GRAND DUCHY OF LUXEMBOURG,
THE KINGDOM OF THE NETHERLANDS,
THE PORTUGUESE REPUBLIC,
THE UNITED KINGDOM OF GREAT BRITAIN AND NORTHERN IRELAND,
Contracting Parties to the Treaty establishing the EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY, the Treaty establishing the EUROPEAN COAL AND STEEL COMMUNITY, and the Treaty establishing the EUROPEAN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY, hereinafter referred to as ‘the Member States’ and of the EUROPEAN ECONOMIC COMMUNITY, the EUROPEAN ATOMIC ENERGY COMMUNITY hereinafter referred to as ‘the Community’, of the one part, and the Plenipotentiaries of ROMANIA, of the other part,
meeting at Brussels, this first day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and ninety-three for the signature of the Europe Agreement establishing an association
between the European Communities and their Member States, of the one part, and Romania, of the other part (‘the Europe Agreement’), have adopted the following texts: the Europe Agreement, and the following Protocols:

The Plenipotentiaries of the Member States and of the Community and the Plenipotentiaries of Romania have adopted the texts of the joint declarations listed below and annexed to this Final Act:

Joint declarations on Article 8 (3) of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 8 (4) of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 10 (3) of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 38 (1) of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 38 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 39 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 40 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 45 (7) of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Chapter II of Title IV of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Chapter III of Title IV of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 57 (3) of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 59 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 60 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 64 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 67 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 111 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Protocol 1 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Protocol 4 of the Agreement,
Joint declaration on Article 5 of Protocol 6 of the Agreement.

The Plenipotentiaries of the Member States and of the Community and the plenipotentiaries of Romania have also taken note of the following exchanges of letters annexed to this Final Act:

Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Community and Romania concerning transit,
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Community and Romania concerning inland transport infrastructure,
Agreement in the form of an exchange of letters between the European Community and Romania concerning certain arrangements for live bovine animals.

The Plenipotentiaries of Romania have taken note of the declarations listed below and annexed to this Final Act:

Commission declaration on Article 2 (3) of Protocol 1,
Community declaration on Article 9 paragraphs 1.3 and 4 of Protocol 2,
Community declaration on Article 9 (4) of Protocol 2,
Community declaration concerning Protocol 2,
Community declarations concerning Article 21 (4) of the Agreement.

The Plenipotentiaries of the Member States and of the Community have taken note of the declarations listed below and annexed to this Final Act:

Declaration by Romania concerning Article 8 of the Agreement,
Declaration by Romania concerning Article 14 (3) of the Agreement,
Declaration by Romania concerning Protocol 21 of the Agreement,
Declaration by Romania concerning Protocol 4 of the Agreement.
Done at Brussels on the first day of February in the year one thousand nine hundred and ninety-three.
Pentru Rămania

>REFERENCE TO A FILM>

JOINT DECLARATIONS

Article 8 (3)
The words ‘that actually applied` shall be taken to mean the duty recorded in the customs tariff (autonomous or conventional duty, or any ‘permanent` tariff suspension or quota listed there). They shall not, however, cover temporary tariff suspensions and quotas.

Article 8 (3)
The Community and Romania agree to enter into consultation in the event that one of the Parties takes unilateral measures, temporary or permanent, to dismantle tariffs across the board for products listed in Annexes IIa, IIb, III, IV and V, in order to study the effects of such decisions on the balance of the reciprocal concessions made in the context of this Agreement.

Article 8 (4)
The Community and Romania confirm that where a reduction of duties is effected by way of a suspension of duties made for a particular period of time, such reduced duties shall replace the basic duties only for the period of such suspension, and that whenever a partial suspension of duties is made, the preferential margin between the Parties will be preserved.

Article 10 (3)
The Parties declare that the reduced duties calculated in accordance with the provisions of this Agreement, are to be rounded off to the first decimal place by rounding up, when the second decimal place is 5, 6, 7, 8 or 9, and rounding down, when it is 0, 1, 2, 3 or 4.

Article 38 (1)
It is understood that the concept ‘conditions and modalities applicable in each Member State` includes Community rules where appropriate.

Article 38
It is understood that the notion ‘children` is defined in accordance with national legislation of the host country concerned.

Article 39
It is understood that the notion ‘members of their family` is defined in accordance with the national legislation of the host country concerned.

Article 40
Taking into account the financial situation of the pension system in Romania, the Association Council shall decide the appropriate time to adopt the reciprocal measures provided for in Article 40 (1).

Article 45 (7)
The Parties agree that the term 'public property' mentioned in Article 45 (7) shall mean the areas or matters covered by Article 135 of the Romanian Constitution.

Chapter II of Title IV
Without prejudice to the provisions of Chapter IV of Title IV, the Parties agree that treatment of the nationals or companies of one Party shall be considered to be less favourable than that accorded to those of the other Party if such treatment is either formally or de facto less favourable than the treatment accorded to those of the other Party.

Chapter III of Title IV
The Parties shall endeavour to achieve a mutually satisfactory result in the framework of the current negotiations on services taking place in the Uruguay Round.

Article 57 (3)
The Parties declare that the Agreements referred to in Article 57 (3) should aim at the highest possible extension of the transport regulations and policies applicable in the Community and in the Member States to the relation between the Community and Romania in the field of transport.

Article 59
The sole fact of requiring a visa for natural persons of certain Parties and not for those of others shall not be regarded as nullifying or impairing benefits under a specific commitment.

Article 60
Whenever the Association Council is called upon to take measures for further liberalization in the areas of services or persons, it shall also determine for which transactions related to such measures, payments are to be authorized in freely convertible currency.

Article 64
The Parties shall not make an improper use of provisions on professional secrecy to prevent the disclosure of information in the field of competition.

Article 67
The Parties agree that for the purpose of this Association Agreement 'intellectual, industrial and commercial property' is to be given a similar meaning as in Article 36 of the EEC Treaty and includes in particular protection of copyright and neighbouring rights, patents, industrial designs, trademarks and service marks, topographies of integrated circuits, software, geographical indications as well as protection against unfair competition and protection of undisclosed information on know-how.

Article 111
The Parties agree that the Association Council, in accordance with Article 111 of the Agreement, shall consider setting up a consultative mechanism composed of the members of the Community’s Economic and Social Committee and Romanian representatives corresponding to them.
DECLARATION OF THE COMMUNITY AND ROMANIA
The Parties confirm their intention to start negotiating the new Protocol on quantitative arrangements provided for in Article 3 (2) of Protocol 1 before the end of 1992.

JOINT DECLARATION
Protocol 4, Rules of Origin
The Community and Romania confirm their readiness to consider at a later stage in the Association Council the possibility of regional cumulation with Poland, Hungary and Czechoslovakia, in the light of progress made in fulfilling the appropriate technical and administrative conditions.
The Association Council will be informed of the entry into force of the Agreement between Romania and Bulgaria permitting application of Article 3.

JOINT DECLARATION
Article 5 of Protocol 6 to the Agreement
The Contracting Parties stress that the reference which is made in Article 5 of Protocol 6 to their own legislation may cover, where appropriate, an international commitment they could have contracted, such as the convention on the service abroad of judicial and extrajudicial documents in civil or commercial matters, concluded in The Hague on 15 November 1965.

DECLARATION BY THE COMMISSION OF THE EUROPEAN COMMUNITIES CONCERNING ARTICLE 2 (3) OF PROTOCOL 1
The Commission of the European Communities hereby confirms that the treatment accorded to Romania pursuant Article 2 (3) of Protocol 1 is identical in its substance to that accorded under the Protocols agreed with Poland, Hungary and Czechoslovakia, and that in principle any amendment to Regulation (EEC) No 636/82 would apply to all the five countries of eastern and central Europe.

DECLARATIONS BY THE COMMUNITY
Protocol 2 on ECSC products

Article 9, paragraphs 1 (3) and 4 of Protocol 2 on ECSC products
The Community confirms its understanding that public aids referred to in Article 9, paragraphs 1 (3) and 4 are exclusively for the purposes of restructuring as defined, and stresses that transport subsidies acting as direct or indirect subsidies to the steel industry are excluded.

Article 9 (4) of Protocol 2 on ECSC products
It is understood that the possibility of an exceptional extension of the five-year period is strictly limited to the particular case of Romania and does not impair the position of the Community in relation to other cases nor prejudice international commitments. The possible derogation foreseen in paragraph 4 takes into account the particular difficulties of Romania in restructuring the steel sector and the fact that this process has been launched very recently.

DECLARATION BY THE COMMUNITY
The Community takes note of the fact that the Romanian authorities will not invoke the provisions of Protocol 2 on ECSC products, in particular Article 9, so as not to call into question the compatibility with this Protocol of the agreements made by the Community coal industry with the electricity companies and the steel industry to secure the sale of Community coal.

DECLARATIONS BY THE COMMUNITY

Article 21 (4)
The Community confirms its intention to open negotiations on the wine sector with a view to concluding:
- an agreement on reciprocal protection of names of wines and on the inspection of wines,
and
- an agreement on the reciprocal introduction of tariff concessions, subject to compliance with Community import rules, with particular reference to oenological practices and certification.

Article 21 (4)
The Community declares its agreement to maintain, for a further five-year period and under the same conditions, the preferential regime for certain cheeses set out in Regulation (EEC) No 1767/82.

DECLARATIONS BY ROMANIA

Article 8
The total and partial suspensions of customs duties established on a temporary basis by Romanian Government Decision No 812/1991 are valid only until 31 December 1992.

Article 14 (3)
The Romanian Party shall transmit to the Community in early 1993 the list containing the products subject to temporary quantitative export restrictions on CN basis (eight digits). Any subsequent modification of these lists shall be notified in due time.

Article 21
The Romanian delegation insists on, and defends its interest in, seeing a solution found at the earliest opportunity under the auspices of the Association Council to its request for an increase in quotas for products falling within the following CN codes:

0104 10 90
0104 20 90
0201
0202
ex 0203
0204
ex 0207
0702 00 10
0702 00 90
0707 00 11
0709 60 10
0711 90 40
The Romanian delegation strongly believes that such an important issue will finally be solved through joint efforts by the Community and Romania.

DECLARATION BY ROMANIA
Protocol 4, Rules of Origin
Romania considers that the Association Council should discuss and resolve the issue of regional cumulation with Poland, Hungary and the Czech and Slovak Federal Republic when trade between the Community and those three countries and between Romania and those three countries is governed by agreements containing rules identical to those of Protocol 4.